

Illness Policy: How Sick is Too Sick? When to Keep Children at Home

IN CARE OF KIDS

There are three reasons to keep sick children at home:

- 1. The child does not feel well enough to participate comfortably in usual activities, (such as; extreme signs of tiredness, unexplained irritability or persistent crying).
- 2. The child requires more care than program staff is able to provide, without effecting the health and safety of the other children.
- 3. The illness is on the list of symptoms or illness for which exclusion is recommended.

Children with the following symptoms or illness should be kept (excluded) from school:

SYMPTOM	Child Must Be at Home?
Diarrhea frequent, loose or watery stools compared to child's normal pattern; not caused by diet or medication	Yes – if child looks or acts ill; if child has diarrhea with fever and behavior change; if child has diarrhea with vomiting; if child has diarrhea that is not contained in the diaper or the toilet
Fever with behavior changes or illness <u>Note</u> : An unexplained temperature of 100°F or above is significant in infants 4 months of age or younger and requires immediate medical attention	Yes - when fever is accompanied by behavior changes or other symptoms of illness, such as rash, sore throat, vomiting, etc.
Flu Symptoms Fever over 100°F with a cough or sore throat. Other flu symptoms can include fatigue, body aches, vomiting and diarrhea	Yes - for at least 24 hours after there is no longer a fever, without the use of fever-reducing medicine
Coughing severe, uncontrolled coughing or wheezing, rapid or difficulty breathing <u>Note:</u> Children with asthma may be cared for in school with a written health care plan and authorization for medication/treatment	Yes - medical attention is necessary
<i>Mild</i> Respiratory or Cold Symptoms stuffy nose with clear drainage, sneezing, mild cough	No – may attend if able to participate in school activities

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RASH <u>With</u> Fever <u>Note:</u> Body rash <i>without</i> fever or behavior changes usually does not require exclusion from school; seek medical advice	Yes - seek medical advice. Any rash that spreads quickly, has open, weeping wounds and/or is not healing should be evaluated
Vomiting two or more episodes of vomiting in the past 24 hours	Yes – until vomiting resolves or a health care provider decides it is not contagious. Observe for other signs of illness and for dehydration

ILLNESS	Child Must Be At Home ?
Chicken Pox	Yes - until blisters have dried and crusted
	(usually 6 days) If blister occurs after
	vaccination, refer to Health Dept Guidelines
Conjunctivitis (Pink Eye) Or	Yes - until 24 hours after treatment
pink color of eye and thick yellow/green	If your health provider decides not to treat your
discharge	child, a note is needed
Croup (See Coughing)	Seek medical advice
Note: May not need to be excluded unless	
child is not well enough to participate in usual	
activities	
Fifth's Disease	No - child is no longer contagious once rash
	appears
Hand Foot And Mouth Disease (Coxsackie	No - may attend if able to participate in usual
virus)	activities, unless the child has mouth sores and
Headlice Or Scabies	is drooling May return after treatment starts
Hepatitis A	Yes – until 1 week after onset of illness or
	jaundice and when able to participate in usual
	activities
Herpes	Yes – if area is oozing and cannot be covered,
	such as mouth sores
Impetigo	Yes – for 24 hours after treatment starts
Ringworm	May return after treatment starts
	Keep area covered for the first 48 hrs of
	treatment
Roseola	Yes – seek medical advice
Note: A child with rash and no fever may	
return to school	
RSV (Respiratory Syncytial Virus)	Seek medical advice. Once a child in the group
Note: A child does not always need to be	has been infected, spread of illness is rapid
excluded unless he/she is not well enough to	
participate in usual	

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Strep Throat	Yes - for 24 hours after treatment and the child
	is able to participate in usual activities
Vaccine Preventable Diseases	Yes – until determined not infectious by the
Measles, Mumps, Rubella (German Measles),	health care provider
Pertussis (Whooping Cough)	
Yeast Infections including thrush or candida diaper rash	No – may attend if able to participate in school activities
	Follow good hand washing and hygiene practices

This information is based upon the guidelines from American Academy of Pediatrics, American Public Health Association, National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Child Care, Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Communicable Disease Epidemiology Program, and Center for Disease Control.

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Approved by the Patient Family Education Committee ©2010 The Children's Hospital, Aurora, CO.

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